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Dedicated to the service of the people, that no good cause shall lack a champion, and that evil shall not thrive unopposed.

The Tragedy Or A Sudden Death

AZED by the suddenness of his taking off, the people of El Paso have scarcely realized their loss in the death of Ernest Kohlberg. Mr. Kohlberg's service both public and private has been efficient and honorable always. His counsel has been sought and valued, and he has added much to the progressive power of the community. Mr. Kohlberg was a constructive worker, a builder in the community, and while conservative in the better sense of the word, he was a leader in progressive undertakings, ever ready with his voice and his means to advance public enterprises. His purse was always open to deserving charities, public and private. He was democratic in his manners, kindly and sympathetic in personal intercourse, wise and farseeing in business, and his staunchest friends were those who had known him best and longest. Starting with nothing at all, he made his own way and built up his own fortunes. Shrewd but not narrow, he kept pace with modern progress and improvements, and while he properly placed himself in position to benefit by the general growth of the community, he also contributed in due proportion to accelerate that growth, and what he made he was entitled to as his fair reward in the work of city building.

Ernest Kohlberg was in the prime of life and busy with ambitious plans for the future. He had reared four children, all of whom are entering young manhood and young womanhood, with every promise before them of successful and useful careers. He had stinted himself for years to provide the very best education money would buy for all of his children, and his pride in them was deeper and truer than any satisfaction he could derive out of mere business success. In a few days there was to have been a family reunion. The father had not seen his children together for a long time, and a great home-coming was planned with appropriate festivities in the nature of a house warming to take place in the beautiful new residence just completed after years of careful study and preparation. The busy manufacturer was preparing to retire from the active conduct of his special line of business to devote himself the rest of his life to wider and more general activities, for which his splendid training and his comfortable fortune so well fitted him. He had arrived at that point in life toward which all men are earnestly striving, when they can relieve themselves of the mere drudgery of existence and devote themselves to public and private service, ideal family life, and well earned relaxation, Under normal conditions Mr. Kohlberg would have had 25 years of useful life

and service before him, but in one black moment his cord of life is severed, his account is closed-and only dust and ashes now where a moment ago there stood a man, a friend and counselor, a loving father and a good citizen. The mystery of it staggers the understanding, and poor blind Justice can only grope for the hand of Mercy as she stands weeping there beside the bier.

A statue was recently unveiled to Gen. George A. Custer at Monroe, Mich., his old home. The item of news recalls to mind the bleak aspect of the Custer battlefield in Montana. There is nowhere a more pathetic or impressive sight for the pictures and memories it conjures up, than the Custer battlefield, where lie buried the bones of the 276 victims of the great massacre. The whole epic of our west is epitomized in those silent monuments.

The important cities of Mexico have for years taken the lead in public improvements, especially in regard to street paving and lighting. Monterey has just decided to lay 50,000 square meters of asphalt paving.

Vote For the Waterworks Bonds

T THE election on May 12 the citizens of El Paso by an overwhelming A plurality expressed their will in the words of the winning ballot as

Figure the purchase of the International Water company's entire plant, properties, and equipment for \$450,000 in 5 percent bonds of the city of El Paso, and the assumption by the city of the outstanding bonded indebtedness of the International Water company, aggregating the sum of \$477,000."

The mandate of the people at the referendum election is binding upon the city council. The voting of the bonds next Tuesday by the taxpayers of the city is merely a further formality to carry out the expressed will of the people. It is found that the city at present can issue only \$375,000 in new bonds and the water company has consented to receive the balance, \$75,000, in some other form of public obligation. The city will be able to find the money out of the ordinary funds and out of the operations of the plant to make such improvements as are imperatively necessary during the present year, and after the new valuation in the fall the borrowing power of the city will increase sufficiently to take care of all

the necessary improvements in the plant and the extensions as funds are needed ... There are no further complications. The terms of There is no problem. the purchase and sale are agreed upon and the people have already expressed their

The mayor and council have officially announced that they will be bound by the will of the people as expressed by the election May 12 and it is necessary now only to vote the \$375,000 in bonds at the election Tuesday.

A correspondent whose letter is printed today asks a number of questions. The Herald will try to answer once more, although these matters have been discussed in great detail in dozens of issues through the more than a year past during which this question has been before the people for solution.

There is no "nigger in the woodpile." The proposal to purchase the plant at a price \$40,000 less than ex-governor Sayers appraised it at in his report as master in chancery is a clearcut proposition. The perms are favorable, the price reasonable, the trade is in every way advantageous to the people of this city. The majority in the election of May 12 was certainly "overwhelming," there having been only 148 votes cast in favor of raising the rates as against 657 votes

for municipal ownership. The majority of the voters were taxpayers.

It may be desirable for the city to increase the rates somewhat under municipal ownership, but in that case, the increase will go directly into the city treasury for the benefit of all the people and for improvements and extensions, and the

rate could and would be lowered as soon as the earnings justified it. The matter of financing the purchase has already been explained, also the probable source of funds for extensions and improvements. It will be impossible to spend more than \$75,000 or \$100,000 this year and additional money will be coming in as needed. There will be profits on the operation of the plant under ipal ownership, and it must not be forgotten that the city is now paying about \$20,000 a year for water for public purposes, which expense will be cut off under municipal ownership, leaving this amount available for extensions and improvements in addition to the funds from other sources.

The cost of operation under public ownership will probably be less than under private ownership-certainly no more. The Bisbee Review in its issue of June 16,

1910, in a dispatch from Douglas, Ariz., says:

The first month of municipal ownership of the Douglas water plant was completed with the month of May, and the report of the water com-mission is a demonstration of success, and a greater success at the very

outset than even the most enthusiastic advocates of municipal ownership had ever prophesied in their most sanguine moments.

"At the very start the water system is not only self-sustaining, but shows a handsome profit and has demonstrated that in the very near future substantial reductions can be made in the price for which water

future substantial reductions can be made in the price for which water can be furnished to the consumer, and the taxpayers will find municipal ownership a profitable undertaking.

The report of the water commission for the first month shows a net profit of \$1425, and this is after deducting all the expenses and setting aside funds for interest on the bonds, for the bond retirement fund, and for the depreciation fund. This means that at the present rate charged for water and without any increase in service, the water system is maintaining itself and is earning for the taxpayers of Douglas \$17.176 per annum. The indications from the first month's business are that a substantial reduction can be made in charges for service and the city can still make a profit on the husiness of supply water."

The water commission in Douglas is composed of B. A. Packard, president

The water commission in Douglas is composed of B. A. Packard, president of the First National bank; C. O. Ellis, cashier of the bank of Douglas; and R. G. Arthur, manager of the Douglas Improvement company. The waterworks are operated as a strictly business proposition. All operations are public, the records are public documents, and monthly reports will be published, showing the taxpapers exactly what they are getting for their money. The people of Douglas are very well pleased with the conditions under municipal ownership and could not possibly be induced to go back to private ownership. This incident is recited ecause it relates to a neighbor city where conditions are similar to ours and the facts can easily be verified by any interested person.

Municipal ownership of the waterworks at the present time is not "going to stop all other improvements in the city" or add materially to the taxes now being paid. The proposed 75 percent increase in rates to the private water company would be a direct tax and several times as large a tax on the consumer and on the taxpayers as the charges under the plan of municipal ownership. The proposed raising of rates to the private company and continuing under the old conditions in the most costly, least efficient, least satisfactory arrangement we

could devise. Nobody is trying to "lead the taxpayers into any trap." They are certainly "entitled to know," but no taxpayer can set up a claim that anything has been withheld. Tens of thousands of words of official reports, reports of experts, reports of two water commissions, letters and reports of mayor and council, and pages upon pages of elaborate tables have been published, and The Herald has during the last year and a half elucidated the whole problem clearly and faith-

fully in great detail. The plan of purchase is a clear cut proposition. The taxpayers will be consulting their own interests if they vote in favor of the bonds next Tuesday; but more than that, the interests of every consumer whether a taxpayer or not will be best furthered by voting the bonds and acquiring the present water plant on

the terms proposed. There is no good argument to be presented against the proposed purchase at this time at the price and terms agreed upon. It is the best plan every way for the city and it is to be hoped that an overwhelming vote will be cast by the taxpayers in favor of the bonds.

UNCLE WALT'S Denatured Poem

POR this great king let's shed a tear; he's died the second time this year. He makes a specialty of death and when he's back from the silent shore, kicks up his heels and dies some more. I'd hate to be a laureate, of Abyssinian estate, and have to write a solemn lay whene'er the monarch passed away. It is a simple thing to sob in rhyme, and make the harp-

KING MENELIK

strings throb, say once a year, but if a king just dies and dies, like everything, why then a bard will lose his grip, and none will blame him should he skip. And does it cause you no surprise, the way this good old monarch dies? We never hear about the ill that lays him out, all

cold and still; we merely learn he's stopped his breath, and died an intermittent death. Oh, is it gout or rheumatiz that puts the sovereign out of biz? Or does he fall for "itis" fads, and seek the graveyard of his dads? Or do the surgeans take their dirks and muss around among his works? Such questions will no answers bring; we only know the good old king, o'ercome by some malignant fates, curls up and dies on certain dates.

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Was Mason

to Its terible end.

Napoleon's Abdication.

lied powers of Europe entered Paris. The Emperor Napoleon then was de-

feated but not discouraged. He abdi-

cated the imperial throne, and the

French people invited Louis XVIII, head

of the house of Bourbon, to reign over

Finally, the time came to strike.

Napoleon, accompanied only by a few

etainers, set sail from Elba on Feb-

ruary 26. On the first day of March he landed on French soil on the shore

of the Gulf of Juan. He began at once

his march towards Paris. At first, the

people were distrustful and afraid. But

when Napoleon reached that part of the country garrisoned by the soldlers

who had followed his eagles to victory, the soldiers and the people threw away

the white flag of the Bourbons and

hoisted the tri-color of their greatest

the outskirts of Paris, at the head of a great army. A hundred thousand French troops were drawn up in battle array to oppose him, and to defend the

lilies of Louis XVIII. Curiously, quastioningly, excitedly Napoleon's own sol-

diers waited to receive an attack from

Again In Power.

made possible, the whole course of

the history of the nineteenth century

the most momentous battle of history,

Americans Visit Historic Battlefield.

visit the battlefield of Waterloo this

summer than in any of the ninety-five

beautiful Belgium more than the ordi-

quently demands the ancient and re-

fuses to waste his time on anything less

than five centuries old, in spite of the

refusing to see anything over ten years

The battlefield of Waterloo is the

one notable sight which is a compro-

mise between the ancient and the mod-

ern. Commanders of two Scotch regi-

the early maneuvers, and therefore, ac-

of spectacular fighting for the benefit

so degraded the world-old martial art.

tion of the party which is another farce

more humorous than the first for the

A greater number of Americans will

which is serving to attract to

it was the most interesting

their emperor

back from Elba.

In March, 1814, the troops of the al-

CTRAIGHT TALKS WITH BOYS AND MEN

HARD WORK VS. GENIUS

calls genius is nothing more than the talent for hard work. Our most successful men have been among the least believers in the power of genius and were as persevering as the successful men of a more common sort. No amount of sun gazing can change a crow into an eagle and without original endowment of brain no amount of hard work would have produced a Milton or a Beethoven.

Bayle said of Meyerbeer: "He has some talent but no genius; he lives solliary, working 15 hours a day at out his genius.

Sir Isaac Newton sought with all he had worked out his extraordinary discoveries, answered "by always crutches will always limp. hinking upon them."

Beethoven's favorite maxim was, can say to aspiring talent and industry-thus far and no further."

Sir John Reynolds held "excellence in art, however expressed in genius, may be acquired."

Titian worked almost daily for seven years on "The Last Supper."

style by writing down for many years very brilliant passage he met with thorities and was doing work for parn his reading.

Whenever you want anything done call on the busiest man to do it. Our ousy men seem to have time for every- away your time and thus wasting your thing, because they have trained them- opportunities, selves never to leave their time un-

Idleness never made its way in the if you deserve it, meanwhile make hay world and never will. The world does while the sun shines.

INETY percent of what the world | not owe us a living, but every man owes the world work.

> Luck waits for something to turn up. Pluck turns up something. Good luck is a man with his sleeves roiled up hard at work. Bad luck is a man with his hands in his pockets waiting them. Napoleon was to retain the rank to see how things will turn out.

Don't say you can do nothing be- Elba, in the Mediterranean Sea. Liberal cause you are poor and have no one pensions were provided for the im-to help you. Look around your city perial family. The Bourbon rule was or town and you will see that your stupid, tactless and unpopular. Naposuccessful men were rocked in the leon kept careful watch over events cradles of lowly cottages and educated from his position of vantage in Elba. But Meyerbeer's work brought | in the university of hard knocks.

It seems that an essential condition of success is the necessity of working comprehending grasp to encircle the hard and faring meanly. Those who universe of God. Asked by what means begin life with fortunes very often lose them. Those who begin life on

any more than poor children are all The barriers are not erected which wise, but very often the heaviest curse on a child is inherited wealth. a man has been spoiled by the case hero. On March 12, Napoleon approached with which he began life.

In the Michigan state penitentiary, convict, a few years ago, was pointed out to me as having taken a cor-responding course in architecture. He was required to work six hours a day for the state, the rest of the time was Chesterfield acquired his pollshed his own, he improved it. The man was then drawing plans for the prison auties outside. Think of that, you young fellows who are spending your evenings in the saloons and pool rooms and cheap theaters-free-yet frittering

A wise man will make more opportunities than he finds. Great opportuni-Things no longer come to him who ties are the wise improvement of small waits, but to him who hustles while he ones. Possess your soul in patience, waits.

Don't worry about your salary. Increase your skill. Your time will come

YEARS AGO (From The Herald of this date, 1896)

There was a meeting of the city | Campbell street, and claims to be workcouncil last night, a petition was pre-sented by the health department re-possessed of wonderful magnetic power. questing that the scavenger be required hat south Oregon street be opened to the Juarez dam. the river by the removal of buildings which stand in the street. A bill for \$16 for hauling fire engines to fires was

Citizens are worried because horses allowed to stand on the north side of the plaza during band concerts. It is feared that some of the horses may ome frightened and run away.

The fire department was called out oday by an alarm from Ben Patterson's house at 1001 Mesa avenue, where a sofa had been set aftre by rolling over a match. At C. W. Fassett's home on north San Antonio street a boy and a box of matches caused a slight blaze, which was extinguished before the arrival of the fire boys. B. E. Major is putting down heavy

Santa Teresa still receives several

gravel on the plaza walks.

J. Ramon de Irrabela has been apto clean alleys as well as streets. A pointed chief of the Mexican commission to confer with the American enferred to the city attorney requesting gineers relative to the construction of national exposition being held in Brus- used the earth to creek a pyramid in

The following jury has been secured for the Scarborough case: J. Y. Wadlington, M. W. Robbins, Fred Widman, S. H. Wade, Geo. Barrett, J. B. Saunders, J. B. Wilcox, Chas. Ball, Carl Schmidt, H. G. Bessong, Will Bridgers, H. Wheatley. The district attorney and J. R. Harper are conducting the prosecution while M. W. Stanton and W. W. Turney are representing the de- station or theater. Guides in Wash-

endant.

The Wig Wam gambling rooms have persistently pointing out houses holy The McGinty band gives its third

concert of the season at the plaza to- America with the express intention of by an arrow Col. Morris R. Locke arrived in the city this morning to confer with Eme-

terio de la Garza relative to the construction of the Gulf, Rio Grande and Metal market: Silver, 68%c; lead

risitors each day at her home on south \$2.90; copper \$1014c; Mexican pesos 53c.

Little Editorials By Herald Readers

Amarillo, Tex., June 16.

Editor El Paso Herald: Baby Dan wants news of his dad

who left June 2, and went to El Paso, then to Mexico. Baby Dan is only six weeks old and he wants his dad to come back; dad was employed on the Fort Worth and Denver road, and this describes him: Light complexion, light iair, blue eyes, smooth face, height 5 feet, 8 inches, two gold front teeth, brown suit, black stiff hat, green, white

ASKS FOR A POSITION. El Paso, Tex., June 13, 1916. Editor El Paso Herald:

ard to secure a position, the character but I have not a thing."

I am here with my family of six, intend to locate; have good credentials, am respectable, a church member, beong to several lodges or rather, orsuggest, but have falled to secure any mise for a future prospect ..

I have advertised but received no re-

BABY DAN WANTS INFORMATION, a help, no doubt of it, then why not reach out a little further, or and advertise to do a good deed for a brother man?

My family and I would appreciate it. and perhaps, soon, we can show our ap-preciation in a practical manner for your space. This action of mine is to determine if it is not possible for a good paper to successfully assist a good

EL PASO PRIMARIES.

El Paso, Tex., June 17, 1910.

Editor El Paso Herald: I would like to ask if the Democratic party in El Paso has been disfranchised. We have heard much of late relative to Allow me to ask, why does it appear so 21 men having nominated three

ing more or less than a farce of the have a military education and have worst order, for three or four men sion on their ticket they will proclaim tried everything that intelligence could gather together in a local drug store themselves as a Prohibition party, and less of party name. While the strongto be voted upon. No one else has that they are a liquor party. The Re- tion, we are sorry to see that either directly or otherwise. I half a chance and when the primaries publican party in Texas for several ers of that party in the routh are most am a great believer in newspapers; come, they amount to nothing more or years has been growing steadily; the ly either coverily or openly in league there is no doubt in the world but what less than the endorsement of these cattle and wool men are becoming conthey wield a great and good influence men who cannot be in truth the choice vinced that the Republicans are their by true of Texas. When Texas voted on

men for the school board and a foud manaterial, if honorable, in El Paso? protest against such action was made ticket in the field is a good one, and it a name, vote against their prohibition should be kept there. The party should principles? Eight here is where the cial activity manifested; the people are charming, their personality attractive, yet there is the off repeated expression, three or four to name a ticket to be voted for at the July primaries.

they wired a great and good interact men who cannot be in truth the choice wired a great and good interact men who cannot be in truth the choice wired that the Republicans are their by true of Texas. When Texas voted on the propertion of the whole Democracy, because the friends; race prejudice is becoming the whole Democracy bas not an opportion to help me to help myself. You work for great municipal good; you work for great municipal good; you advertise to do what is good for the men who shall be chosen to make the Democrats. Among the business Republicans are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on friends; race prejudice is becoming the problem of the state problems as a rule are as much opposed to "nexro domination" as was cent to one of the most product the Democrats. Among the business Republican leaders asking low the next the Republicans are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on the friends; race prejudice is becoming the problems and the first the Republicans are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on the friends; race prejudice is becoming the problems are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on the first the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on the first the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on the first the first the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas. When Texas voted on the first the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas. The first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are the first that the Republicans are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Texas are the first that the Republicans are their ly true of Te

Here Seen Kelly?"

REPUBLICANS AND LIQUOR.

Editor El Paso Herald: The plan of putting a Republican the part of the leaders to pin their What are primaries in El Paso county hopes of success on linking the party so far as the Democratic party is con- with the liquor interest, and hoping to cerned. In my opinion they are noth- succeed by the success of the "Antis." Should the Democrats place submis-"ring" and there name men who are the antis, they will say to the world

Ninety-five years ago today, on June , But the two Scotch colonels prove that 18, 1815, Napoleon Bonaparte met with the soldier's desire to figure in the final and crushing defeat in the battle of Waterloo. The issue of that battle special dispatches of a war correspondent was born simultaneously with the broke the inflexible will, doomed to first war dispetch. The first war cordisappointment the insatiable ambition respondent was John Robinson, who and extinguished forever the star of went to the Continent in 1897 to redestiny of the greatest soldier, the greatest lawgiver, the greatest finan-

By

Frederic J. Haskin

The Battle Of Waterloo

GRAIN; IS DISAPPOINTING TO TOURISTS

ONCE FAMOUS BATTLEFIELD NOW GROWS

port the Napoleonic wars for the Lon don Times. In this phase, the battle of Waterloo is intensely modern

cier and the greatest politician mod-ern Europe had known. News of Befeat Slow. One may leave Waterloo now at noon and be in London at midnight, by trav-Theodore Roosevelt is due to arrive in New York today, after an absence of something more than a year, eling with special speed. London did not know of the battle of Waterloo most of which time has been spent in the wilds of Africa, beyond the pale of civilization. The fact that Mr. Roosefor four days, the Times printing a dispatch on June 22, which was followed velt's return to the United States has the next day by the publication of the been compared by some politicians to Duke of Wellington's official report. The news of the defeat of great Nareturn of Napoleon from exile in the island of Elba, the more or less poleon first became known in America mythical existence of the "Back-from- on July 31, when the Boston Dafly Ad-Elba Club," and the further fact that verilser announced: "A gentleman has Mr. Roosevelt is the most remarkable personality in American public life tojust arrived from a vessel which he left in the harbor bringing London day adds interest to the curious coindates to June 24," and then followed a reproduction of the Duke of Wellingcidence that the day of the Roosevelt homecoming should be the anniversary ton's report of the battle. The news went from Boston to New York by stage of that tragic event in which the orig-inal Back from Elba movement came and first was printed in the American metropolis more than six weeks after the battle had taken place. In this

phase, Waterioo seems to belong to an-Noted Battlefield Disappointing.

The visitor to the battlefield of Waterioo today, unless he be a military appointment. To be such a great battle, Waterloo was fought upon such an absurdly small field. There was six miles of battle line at Gettysburg. Fifty miles of Japanese received with fire the advance of nearly a million Russians in Manchuria. It is hardly a mile from one onl of the field of Waterloo to another. It the muskets and the cannon had been stilled, it would have been possible for Napoleon, at La Belle Alliance, to have conversed with the great duke near the farm of La Haye Sainte across the two shallow valleys intervening. The best musket known in those days could not be depended upon to do execution at a distance of more than 250 yards. Armies had to get close together if they fought at all, and, as they did come close together, there was always a great deal of hand-to-hand fighting.

This made it necessary for the troops to be kept in compact formation. One knows these things, and one remembers that there were not more than 180,000 troops, all fold, engaged in this battle, and yet he is not prepared to find the great field of Waterloo a theater too small for a respectable skirmish

Trolley Car Carries Visitors.

Napoleon. But even they did not know Visitors to the battlefield, and they re numerous, go out from Brussels by For, instead of a charging column, there came an open carriage and in it the trolley car, or over a beautiful road through the beech forest by motor car. The village of Waterloo is little changed was seated the Little Corporal, the perhaps, by the ravages of a century, Great Corsican. He stood up in the and it is today as coloriess and uncarriage, and, with one wave of his interesting as it was 95 years ago. It saw nothing of the battle, and its name hand captured 100,000 soldiers sworn to defend the king of France. That night Louis fled from Paris and Napoleon was immortalized only by the mere accident that the Duke of Wellington, entered the Tulleries and again assumed the dignity, power and authority of emperor of the French. Napoleon was on the night of the battle, here found an inn in which to rest himself, and from which he wrote the report of his One hundred days later, on the plains victory over the great Frenchman.

before the tiny Belgian village of Waterloo, Napoleon engaged in battle and the house in which Victor Hugo The inu in which Wellington slept against the combined forces of the British. Dutch, Fiemish and German armies, under the command of the Duke of Wellington. That day Napoleon saw his matchless army routed and cut to call that this great battle is known by pleces. Then and there, the British three different names. English speak-empire was saved, the German empire and possible, the whole course of call it the Battle of La Belle Alliance and the Freuch refer to it as the Battle was changed and shaped anew. If not of Mont St. Jean.

On his arrival at the field the first thing one asks to see is the famous sunken road where so many brave French cavalrymen perished. It is not The dirt from each side was years since the battle was fought. This taken away and the ground leveled by will be on account of the great inter- honest but misguided Dutchmen who honor of William, Prince of Orange, who was wounded in the battle. This nary proportion of the American sight- pyramid of sodded earth, surmounted the Dutch lion, is the most imposing The traveler in the Old World fre- feature of the landscape of the field One is a marble shaft marking the po sition of the Hanovernians, which was efforts of the guides to elaborate upon erected soon after the battle. the beauties of a brand new railway is the monument to Napolcon. erected soon after the battle. The other

The memorial to Napoleon marks the snot where Napoleon stood when the Old Guard made its final effort in his with the halo of a hundred years, whereas the travelers have come to behalf. It is a bronze eagle, failing to earth with a wing broken, transfixed

Battlefield Now Farming Land. under its carnet of wheat and rve, but the marks of the dread conflict are not all obliterated. The garden wall at Hougeoumont still stands, and there are ments on the morning of that fateful the broken marble terraces of burned chateau, there is the well which 18th of June muttered mutiny against was filled with the blood of English the great duke because he had given the 42nd regiment a prominent part in defenders, there is the sanctuary of the chapet into which the profane cording to the Scotch colonels the 42nd flames dared not to go. The would get all of the praise in the news- of Hougoumont are filled with bullets. the marks of fire are still upon the American colonels who were accused stones and brick of the walls, and before the garden stand the few surof newspaper correspondents during the vivors of a veteran forest, still nursing war with Spain, were the subjects of in their hearts a heavy weight of Engsharp criticism because they had lish lead and French steel Monday-Origin of Famous Phrases.

and then of necessity elected because | migration from the north and norththere is no opposition as a rule. Fol- west, has made things look much brightlowing the primaries comes a conven- er from a Republican standpoint

Why the leaders should not be satmore humorous than the first for the isfled with this increase and should the city adopts the same increase the simple reason that it is nothing but a ally themselves with a defeated and annual earnings would be less than \$30,ratification of the men chosen by the select few. Then nothing at all is done will surly be defeated in the end), is to be deducted the taxes which the comuntil the bunch sing, 'Has Anybody something many of us cannot understand. Do they think that the Republicans

from Kansas, Missouri and other northern states, where prohibition is strong, will change their moral sentiments when they come to Texas, and simply to stick to caders make a grave mistake.

They may gain a few from the liquor party, but will it compensate for the thousands of prohibition Republicans that will be lost to them?

In national elections it is different, and men will vote for their party; but in state elections, like this, men will vote for their moral principles, regardor in the office of some member of the if the Republicans form an alliance with est Republican states and communities in the north are the strongest problhithe Demecrats. Among the business Republican leaders asking bow the parhealth of the city government and it is . Men are named by a few of the "ring," men and ranchmen there has been a ty stood, and asking for instructions.

Abe Martin



country would be full o' fellers wearin' flat straw hats and Prince Albert coats. Boys will be boys, an' so will lots o' cle

The answer was: "The Republicans of Texas are going to vote against prohibition," and we were advised to do so also. The consequence was we all voted

Whether state wide prohibition or the resent system of local option is the hest we cannot tell, and there is a difference of opinion even among the temperance element, but one thing is certain, "Texas is going dry." The rumble of the water wagon is heard in the land and whoever gets in its way, be it individual or party, will be apt to get

I have been voting the Republican ticket for over 40 years and would like to vote it 40 years more, but I want to see it keep good company, or go it

A Pro. Republican.

THE WATER QUESTION. El Paso, Texas, June 16, Editor El Paso Herald:

you invited the citizens to make use of your columns for the discussion of the water question, and I had hoped that somebody, well qualified, would have taken the trouble to explain the mat-ter of municipal ownership in detail so that every taxpayer at least might know what it really involves, for it is not always that it is all that it is

cracked up to be.

I and a good many others have an idea that somebody is trying to hide a "nigger" in the woodplie in this case. And when you speak of the "over-whelming" majority in the last election, it sounds like you are trying to be sarcastic. To us that last election looks worthless, only 25 percent of the voters, a very small majority, took the trouble to file their votes. You have said that out of this 25 percent, nearly all were taxpayers, but I think you are mistaken about that. I believe that most of those that voted were water paying against "Increasing the rates" question has been placed before the eople in such a way as to lead them to believe that city ownership would leave the old rate in force. And I think here is where you have to look for a report, which is good authority, neither the company, nor the city, nor anybody else can furnish the mesa water without increasing the rates, and if anybody hopes that a city plant is going to give him cheaper water, he will get

But let us suppose that city ownerhip is really the most desirable thing at the present time, then let us stop and do a little figuring, and see where we get off.

The water company is thoroughly disgusted with its investment and experience in El Paso and is anxious to sell ut on the following terms:

It wants in city banks the amount of \$450,000, and the city must take over their debt \$477,000; total, \$927,000, and the city must pay the expense of the re-

ceivership besides. Now, a great many taxpayers are asking how are we going to do this! The coming election will call for only \$375,000 worth of bonds instead of the \$450,000 that the company asks. That is because the city will then be up to the very limit of its credit and hence the balance, \$75,000, must be provided for in cash or other satisfactory collateral. Well and good. If the city can do this, then it can take over the waterworks

But then it will also have tied itself

Then the next and all important question will be: With all our resources exwe going to make the extensions and mesa water? According to Gov. Savers's report, this will require nearly a half million dollars additional for immedi-Where are we going to get it? Or is the idea to merely acquire the water plant now, and then let us keep on drinking that foul Watts water for two or three years more until the city's finances will warrant the improvements? I have been told that the profits of the plant could be used for the improvements, but so far there has been no profits, and in the governor's report it is estimated that the 75 cent increase in rates, after paying 5 cent for the sinking fund and all operating expenses would probably leave about 10 percent profit on the stock, which is less than \$200,000, so that If pany is paying, amounting to about \$9000; that would leave in round figures about \$20,000 a year for extensions. Now, how far would that go, where a half million is required at once to make the plant fully up to date. So where do we get off?

Some people think that the expenses of the works will be less under city ownership, but it is a well known fact everywhere that properly managed pri-vate plants can be run cheaper,

If city ownership at the present time is going to stop all other improveits in the city and probably add to the now heavy taxes, would it not be

> (Continued on Page Seven.) Announcements.

DISTRICT CLERK

ject to t

The Herald is authorized to announce O. M. Talley as a candidate for District Clerk, subject to the Democratic pri-maries July 23, 1910.

SHERIFF. I hereby announce myself a candi-date for sheriff of El Paso county subto the Democratic primaries July